



Design Guide

# *Kinglet Gardens Stage 4C* RSL Homes

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Block 7 Lot(s) 1 - 19

Prepared for Rohit Land Development  
by IBI Group

January 17, 2023



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# 1 Objectives

The objective of this design guide is to create a sophisticated and elegant design statement for the single family homes of Stage 4C while ensuring compatibility among homes by integrating the use of simple modern forms and the highest standard of natural landscape. Outlining the opportunities and constraints of building, this design guide will assist builders, designers and home buyers in the construction process. Any variation to these Guidelines will be at the sole discretion of the Design Consultant.

These Design Guidelines apply to the following lots:

- Stage 4C Block 7 Lots 1 – 19;

The Stage map is presented in Appendix 'A'.

# 2 Architectural Theme

The selected architectural theme provides elements that can be incorporated within the following styles:

- Prairie Modern;
- Prairie Contemporary;
- Modern Classic;
- Heritage Modern;
- Traditional Craftsman;
- Traditional Farmhouse.

These architectural elements include enclosed entries, carefully detailed brick or stonework and substantial detailing that highlights the design style. These elements work together to achieve an interesting and appealing streetscape.

# 3 Streetscape

Care must be taken to integrate the home with special attention to the relationship with neighbouring properties. Relative massing, siting and style will be of utmost importance in assuring each home compliments its neighbour and the surrounding development. Building massing, siting and style may be adjusted and/or alternate treatments requested to reinforce the streetscape. Entranceways are to cover and protect the space, at the first level or a height proportionate to the design. The style, width, height and detailing of entranceways will together create a sense of arrival, as well as help to articulate the design style of each home.

## 4 House Forms

Homes are to be designed to coordinate with the size of the home, as well as the adjacent homes. In order to maintain a consistent streetscape, houses are not permitted to contain more than three (3) wall variations (planes) on the second floor. A recess of 15-28' from the front garage wall plane to the entry door and corresponding second floor area will be a requirement on all homes. Bungalows will not be permitted.

Single family RSL homes are required to have a second floor minimum recess of 2'-0" from garage front wall plane. The second floor area should be carefully designed and should have a maximum width offset of 2'-0" from the main floor.

Garages are to be designed in a way to reflect the rest of the homes on the street and enhance the front entry way. Garage size and minimum exposed house frontage will be established based on the pocket size of the lot as per the table below. A maximum 2' pocket relaxation will be permitted.

Homes that do not meet the setback/recess requirements as stated above may be considered at the discretion of the Design Consultant. Homes will be reviewed on their individual merits of design and massing in relation to the streetscape.

## 5 House Size

Houses are to have a consistency of mass and volume within the streetscape. As such, house widths and sizes must relate proportionately and logically to the lot width and neighbouring houses.

The second floor area should be carefully designed. Minimum exposed house frontage will be established based on the pocket size of the lot as per the table below. A maximum 2' pocket relaxation will be permitted.

### House Size & Pocket Fill (RSL)

Minimum House Width	Minimum Exposed House Frontage	Maximum Garage Width
28'	6'	22'
26'	5'	21'
24'	4'	20'

*\*Note: Frontage calculations are based on home size not pocket width meaning that a 24' home with the noted calculations can be placed on a 26' pocket.*

The minimum house sizes are to be 1,600 sq. ft. for two storey homes and 1,200 sq. ft. for bungalow style homes.

This design guide allows for homes to be built in excess of the minimum requirements noted above. However, the minimums provide the opportunity for variations in size which, when combined with landscaping considerations, will contribute to the ultimate character of the neighbourhood.

Homes will be reviewed on their individual merits of design, massing, proportion, and compatibility. Exceptional plans which meet the general trend of the neighborhood, may be considered at the sole discretion of the Design Consultant.

## 6 Site Planning & Grading

Site planning and grading must accommodate the natural slope of the land with variations in grade absorbed within the building mass as much as possible. Lot grading must be in strict conformance with the approved grading plan for the subdivision.

Lots with a more dramatic change in terrain may require special terracing and/or retaining walls. The purchaser shall be responsible for the design and construction of such retaining structures and must ensure design grades and lot drainage are not compromised.

If a retaining wall is required, it is to consist of concrete or natural materials such as boulders. If the retaining structure is to be more than 1 m (3'-0") in height, it must be stepped to reduce the wall's visual mass. Retaining walls visible from high visibility areas (street, park, etc.) must have finished face and edge surfaces.

Special attention is to be given to the treatment of exposed concrete foundation walls. A maximum of 2' of parging will be permitted on all elevations of the homes. Variation in grade and basement design may require cladding material be lowered or extended to within 2' of ground level.

Front entry steps are to be a maximum of four (4) risers per set. Where the grade requires more than four risers, the run must be split. Exceptions to this requirement may be granted in consideration of unique design, enhanced verandah treatment, topography and lateral bracing concerns. If there are more than three risers per set, the step will be a minimum 4' wide with appropriate railing style.

## 7 House Repetition

Similar or approximately identical house elevations and exterior colours must not be repeated within two lots (i.e., X-O-A-X) or directly across the street. To be considered different, an alternate elevation must reflect substantial modifications. Substantial modifications may include change in rooflines, house style, wall planes and materials. Repetitive use of elevations will be monitored to ensure an interesting and varied streetscape.

It is highly recommended that the same models are not placed adjacent to each other to meet this requirement.

## 8 Corner Lots

Houses on corner lots require special consideration. Flanking side elevations are to have suitable front elevation treatment with principle roof planes sloping toward view. All models will be considered for corner lots based on their unique suitability to these locations. Houses will require variation in wall planes, substantial roof line between floors, appropriate wall heights, window placement and detailing.

The lots affected will be Block 7, lots 1, 12, 13, 19. Refer to Appendix 'A' – Community Map for designated lots.

## 9 Rear Decks

The minimum standard material for deck construction is to be pressure-treated lumber. Decks must comply with City requirements for items as setbacks and site coverage.

All decks for homes that are designated as enhanced rear elevations (see Appendix 'A') must be built at the initial time of construction and must be on the building plans. The rear decks are to be a minimum of half the width of the home and correspond to the entire width of their attached wall plane(s).

Rear exposed deck posts are to be a minimum dimension of 12"x12" and constructed with matching home material. Vinyl siding and/or metal cladding on rear columns is not acceptable. Rear deck railings to be metal or glass (no wood railings). All vertical elements of decks are to be painted to match the siding or trim colour of the home.

Second floor rear decks are typically not permitted however they will be considered if it is shown that the deck does not project past the remaining house massing on the second floor. A relaxation to this requirement will be solely dependent on the decks overall visual impact.

## 10 High Visibility Lots

High visibility rear elevations require special design consideration. These elevations must have openings of a number and size that is suited to the wall area and incorporate detailing consistent with the front elevation and overall design.

The second floor is to contain elements such as bump outs, false rooflines etc. The use of a secondary wall material is required in all gables and may be required in other location subject to overall design and style. The rear elevations will be closely monitored to ensure that a variety of rooflines and styles are incorporated to avoid repetition and monotony. The lots affected will be those backing onto or flanking public spaces, including roads.

The lots affected are: Block 7, lots 1, 11 - 19. Refer to Appendix "A" – Community Map for designated lots.

## 11 Exterior Colours

Colours will be approved on an individual basis and are to reflect the colour palettes requirements that are indicated in Appendix “B” - Styles. Colours will not be duplicated within two lots or directly across the street. The use of a third accent colour (secondary wall material) is required. For example the use of vertical siding, panel board, board & batten etc. is not to match either the horizontal siding or trim colour. In keeping with the character of the neighbourhood and in consideration of blended streetscapes, pastel colours are not permitted.

Premium main vinyl colours (Mitten – Act or GAF – CertainTeed Monogram typical) will be required on all corner and lane flanking lots. These lots are identified in Appendix “A” Maps. All other lots will require premium siding colour or at a minimum dark non-premium colours as the main vinyl siding. **Dark non-premium main vinyl siding colours will not be permitted on homes that are adjacent to each other. Therefore, the use of non-premium vinyl siding colours will be determined on a “first-come first-served” basis.** All vinyl siding colour reservations must be accompanied by a fully completed application submission. See Appendix “C” for approved colour selections.

All homes are to use premium wall colours, accent panels and accessories. Therefore homes consisting of a dark non-premium horizontal siding colour will require a dark premium secondary wall material.

Darker colour palettes are to dominate the streetscapes. Tonal colour schemes will also be permitted (ie. example dark grey siding with mid grey trims). White and light trim colours (ie; Royal Linen, Beige, Sand, Wicker or equivalent) will not be permitted on homes. Overhead doors are to match either the main or trim colour (white and two-toned colours will not be permitted) but other colours will be considered on an individual basis. Accent bold front entry door colours are encouraged. Window frames and casements that match the exterior colour scheme are highly encouraged. Very light, buff or white masonry colours are not permitted.

## 12 Roof Pitch & Materials

To provide a unifying theme throughout the subdivision, the roof pitch is to correspond to the style of home as indicated in **Appendix “B” - Styles** with the exception of bungalows which will require a 7/12 pitch to adjust massing. All homes should contain a hip or cottage style roof design. Flat, gable or shed roofs are permitted as accent roof features if the roof design reflects the desired style of home as indicated in Appendix “B” - Styles. In consideration of overall massing and style, some secondary roofs may not be subject to the minimum requirements as noted in Appendix ‘B’. Flat roofs may be permitted as a secondary roof line on modern home styles and will be reviewed on an individual basis at the discretion of the Design Consultant.

The roofing materials/colours may be selected from the following:

- Decra Shingle profile (Fawn Grey, Slate) Shake profile (compatible colours to be reviewed on an individual basis);
- IKO Cambridge 30 (Weatherwood, Driftwood, Charcoal Grey, Harvard Slate, Dual Black);
- BP Mystique 42 (Stonewood, Twilight Grey, Weathered Rock, Shadow Black);
- Elk Prestige 11 30/40/50 (Weatherwood, Antique Slate, Sablewood) Grand Series (Barkwood).



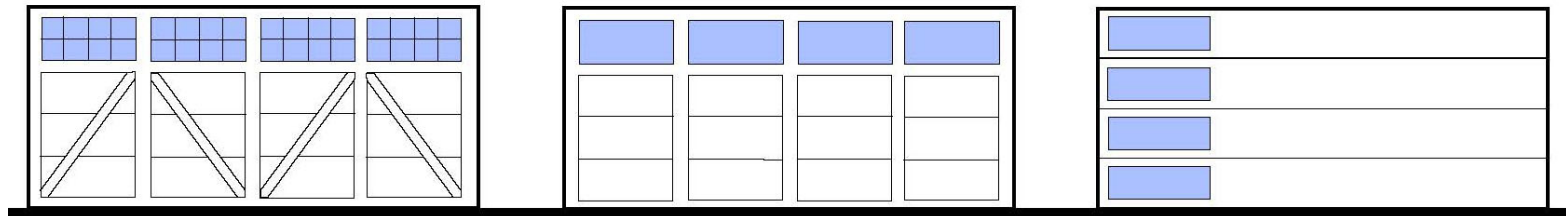
Roof overhangs will be proportionate to the design with suitable overhangs incorporated at all cantilevers, box-outs and bays. A minimum 8" fascia is required. Flashing must blend with house colours. No galvanized flashing allowed. Aluminum rainware (gutters/downspouts) colours are to match fascia colour.

Chimneys and flues must be contained within a corbelled chase, finished in a style consistent with the home design.

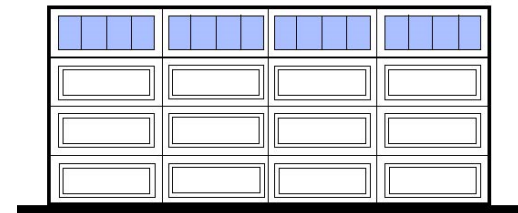
## 13 Garages & Driveways

Double attached garages as a maximum are allowed under the massing guides identified in Section 5 and must be located in accordance with the garage location plan. Triple car garages will not be permitted. The garage roofs are to correspond to the overall design/style of the home. Split design, side shed and rear shed will not be permitted.

Garage overhead doors must be compatible with the selected house style. The use of glass panels in overhead doors is required for all lots with front attached garages. The style of glass panels must be as shown and the use of Stockton or Heritage doors with glass panels is highly encouraged. Vertical or horizontal oriented glass panels are a requirement on all garage doors. Diagonal or split placement orientation will not be permitted. Sunburst or other glazing patterns is not permitted. Custom carriage doors will be allowed if appropriate to the design of the home. The following are examples of acceptable garage door styles:



The following raised panel garage door will be deemed acceptable in Kinglet however raised panel doors are not permitted on corner lots and must not be repeated on adjacent lots (X-O-X).



Driveways and front walks are to be broom finished concrete at minimum, but may be exposed aggregate concrete, stamped concrete or broom finished concrete with stamped or exposed aggregate borders. Unit pavers are permitted as an accent or border material only. Painted driveways, walkways and verandahs are not permitted. Driveway widths are not to exceed the width of the garage and driveway extensions are not permitted. Driveways should allow for all landscape requirements to be met.

A maximum of 18" must be maintained between overhead garage door and the eave line. Where the height exceeds 18", special detailing may be required. Gable ends will require appropriate detailing to soften the visual impact accordingly. Corners of overhead door must be straight. NO angled corners permitted. Lighting is required on all garages and must compliment the overall design of the home.

## 14 Front Entrances & Columns

Entranceways will be covered at a level that encloses and protects the space at the first level or a height proportionate to the design. Two storey pillared entries will not be permitted. Front entry doors are to be a design compatible with the house style and to contain glazing or a sidelight in lieu of door glazing. Fanlight or sunburst door glazing is not permitted. Sidelights and accent bold front entry door colours are highly encouraged.

The following are examples of acceptable door styles:



Other door styles may be considered at the discretion of the Developer or the Design Consultant.

Where columns or posts are used on the front or highly visible elevations, they are to be of substantial form and solid in appearance. Columns are a requirement on all homes and are to be a minimum 18" x 18" or equivalent overall size at the base. Rectangular columns; 12" x 24" at the base is an examples of an acceptable overall size. Column details are to be consistent with the selected style of the home. Typical vinyl siding material and metal cladding on columns is not acceptable. All columns are to be clad with a minimum of panel board or stone and are to match the trim colour of the home. Tiered or columns containing multiple materials are not permitted. Wood or wood-like siding (ie. Longboard or equivalent) material will be considered subject to design details. **Round, fluted and tapered columns are not acceptable.**

Front entry steps are to be a maximum of four (4) four risers per set (see section 5. Site Planning & Grading). Where the grade requires more than four risers, the run must be split. Exceptions to this requirement may be granted in consideration of unique design, topography and lateral bracing concerns. If there are more than three risers per set, the step will be a minimum 4' wide with appropriate railing style.

Wooden verandas and porches must be skirted to grade with closed risers. The front facing elements of these verandas must be stained to match the wall colour or trim colour. This includes the front facing portion of the front steps - no open stair treads will be permitted.

Metal railings, in neutral tones, is the minimum requirement on the verandah (wood railings are not permitted) and must compliment the overall color palette of the home.

Lighting is required on all homes and must compliment the overall design of the home.

## 15 Exterior Finishes & Other Design Details

To achieve the standard and caliber of visual appeal, a requirement for architectural detailing and continuity will apply to all homes.

Brick or stone will be required on all front attached garages and must be a minimum of half height of the overall front garage wall plane, reflecting the house style and is to be designed as a grounding element. Masonry on the second floor will not be permitted. River rock stone profiles will not be permitted. A reduction in masonry use will be considered by the Design Consultant if additional detail is applied for visual interest and is in accordance to the selected house style as well as the theme of the neighbourhood.

All homes are to be finished in either Hardie Plank or Premium Vinyl Siding and must reflect the house style as indicated in Appendix "B" Styles. The use of stucco will not be permitted. All homes are to have contain only one (1) secondary wall material in addition to masonry. The removal of the requirement of the secondary wall material will depend on the overall style of the home, and is at the discretion of the Design Consultant. Vertical transitioning between 2 wall materials or colours on a single wall plane are strictly prohibited. Please refer to Appendix "B" Styles.

Acceptable cladding materials include:

- Hardie Plank (James Hardie);
- special "wood" accent material such as Sagiwall or Longboard siding applied in a "block panel" feature suited to design;
- Hardie and metal panel may be used if suited to design;
- Premium vinyl siding products (traditional lap or bevel profile).

**Dutch Lap Siding is not permitted.**

The use of brackets, shutters and louvres may be permitted if it meets the selected house style as depicted in Appendix "B" Styles.

All trim details, secondary wall materials and masonry must be returned to the adjacent wall. If the distance between wall planes does exceed 5'-0", a 2'-0" return will be sufficient. If the distance between wall planes does not exceed 5'-0", the secondary wall material is to be returned along the entire side wall plane.

The use of window and door surrounds are to correspond with the selected house style. Trims are typically a minimum of 4" – 6".

The reduction of trim size or omission of window and door surrounds will be subject to the overall design and style of the home.

Brickmold window trims will not be permitted in lieu of window surrounds unless approved by the Design Consultant.

Windows are to be large, organized, consistent in shape and contemporary in design. Window style and grill pattern are to be consistent with the selected house style. Curved or circular style windows and traditional style windows with mullions or grills will not be permitted.

Homes will be reviewed on their individual merits of design, massing proportion and compatibility and, where the Design Consultant considers the plan to be exceptional, and, provided that the house conforms to the general trend of the neighbourhood, exceptions may be considered.

## 16 Fencing + Landscape + Other

### 16.1 Landscape

It is the responsibility of the homeowner to landscape the yard. In the case of corner lots, the front yard shall include the flanking side yard to the sidewalk, curb or boulevard and to the rear corner of the house. Please refer to Appendix “D” Landscape requirements.

**All lots will require a minimum of 3 trees. At least one tree must be planted in the front yard.** A maximum of 70% sod shall be used in the front yard. All lots shall have a prepared shrub bed in the front yard containing at least 6 shrubs.

- Shrubs shall be 450 mm (18 in) in height or spread
- The minimum deciduous tree shall be 65 mm caliper (2.5 in) measured 150 mm above ground and 2.5 m (8ft) in height
- The minimum coniferous trees shall be a minimum 2.5 m (8 ft) in height
- In addition, all lots backing onto or having side yards flanking roads, parks and walkways will require the following additional landscaping.
  - Block 7 lot 1 will require a minimum of 3 trees in the rear yard (a total of 4 trees and 6 shrubs on the lot).;
  - Block 7, lots 11 - 19 will require a minimum of 3 trees or 2 tree and 10 shrubs in the rear yard (a total of 4 trees and 6 shrubs **OR** 3 trees and 16 shrubs on the lot).

The rear yard of all lots will require a minimum of sod.

A prepared shrub bed is to be defined by landscape edging (metal, vinyl, brick, concrete, etc.) with adequate coverage of plant material and is to contain mulch (rock, wood chip, etc.) for ground cover and shall be natural earth toned colours. Each shrub/tree bed to contain one consistent mulch material and should have an underlay of landscape fabric (no plastic). The use of white rock mulch is strictly prohibited. Small plastic, wooden or metal fencing is not permitted anywhere and cannot be used in place of an edger for prepared shrub beds. Wooden walkways in between homes will not be permitted.

Large areas of bare mulch (rock, wood chip, etc.) are not permitted in the front yard and highly visible rear yards. In scenarios where the minimum plant material is unable to provide adequate coverage, additional plant material such as ornamental grasses, perennials or additional shrubs are to be placed throughout the shrub bed to break up large areas of mulch.

Where sod is not installed directly against the side property line, (use of mulch, rock or turf), it is the responsibility of the homeowner installing alternative to sod material, to use appropriate edging material to define the edge of the property along the entire length of the side yard where sod is not been installed. Edging to be installed in ground and flush with top of grade. Noncompliance with this requirement will result in a failed inspection. Exception to this requirement will be a cohesive landscaping design for two adjoining properties installed at the same time.

The application of artificial turf or landscapes without sod will only be considered by the Developer after submission of a detailed landscape concept drawing prepared by a Landscape designer. Prior to installation, Landscape plans and the specification information on the artificial turf should be submitted to Rohit Land Development directly, [via email at lot.sales@rohitgroup.com](mailto:lot.sales@rohitgroup.com).

If artificial turf is desired, it is to be designed with a distinct prepared shrub bed border between the turf and the property line. The shrub bed is to include adequate coverage of plant material that is in addition to the above minimum requirements.

Artificial turf is to contain a minimum weight of no less than 95 ounces per square yard and a minimum blade height of 41 mm (ie. ezLAWN, ezLAWN Elite, ezLAWN Platinum or directly compatible product to be approved by Rohit Land Development) are acceptable. The base is to contain a minimum depth of 4" of 20mm road crush (compacted to 90% proctor density) with a sand or crushed limestone (fine) topping. The surface infill is to contain either a Silica sand and/or rubber infill. Artificial turf must be specified by the manufacturer as a pet friendly product with a minimum 10-year warranty. Homeowners will be required to submit their artificial turf invoice prior to final inspection to verify that the specifications have been met.

All lots are to comply with City of Edmonton Zoning Bylaw Landscape requirements, and it is the responsibility of the homeowner to ensure that their landscaping meets these requirements.

All landscaping including front, rear and sides must be completed, in accordance with the above requirements, **within twelve months of completion of the house** (subject to seasonal limitations) and completed prior to final inspection of the property for architectural / landscaping compliance. Upon completion of the landscaping, a final inspection is to be requested through the Builder via [archcontrol.com](http://archcontrol.com). All inspections will be completed during the inspection season (late spring to early fall – weather permitting).

## 16.2 Fencing

Please see Appendix "A" Community Map to view the fence requirements and Appendix "E" for fence details.

Fencing on all lots are to be constructed by the Homeowner and shall be consistent in design and colour with the fencing style established for the community. All wood screen fences are to be painted Autumn Sand by Cloverdale Paints.

Typical wood screen fence will be a standard requirement, however for all pond backing lots (Block 7, lots 11 - 19) where the Developer has provided a rear chain link fence, stepdown screen fence will be required consisting of 1.5 m height from the rear property line, the balance is to be the full height of 1.8 wood screen fence.

If a gate is desired, the gate shall match the adjoining fence. Please see Appendix "A" Community Map to view the fence requirements and Appendix "E" for fence details.

All fencing must be completed, in accordance with the above requirements, within twelve months of completion of the house (subject to seasonal limitations).

### 16.3 Address Plaque

A standardized address plaque, as per the detail provided by the Developer, is required for all homes. Address plaques must be ordered through Rohit Land Development and to be installed by the Builder. It shall be placed on the front of the garage in a visible location and is highly recommended that the builder show location of the Address Plaque on house approval applications. Alternate locations may be accepted at the discretion of the Design Consultant. See Appendix “F” Address Plaque for address plaque mounting instructions.

### 16.4 Accessory Buildings

The side wall elevations of all ancillary buildings and garden sheds shall not extend more than 6’ in height. Where visible from a public adjacency (i.e. all perimeter lots and corner lots), accessory buildings must be consistent in style, finish and colour, with the house. Roof style and materials are to match the materials used on the roof of the house.

Sheds completed in an alternative plastic composite material will also be permitted in earth toned colours. Sheds containing unfinished wood are strictly prohibited. Metal sheds are strictly prohibited.

The following shed styles are acceptable, provided they are complementary to the style of the home:



The following are examples of sheds that will NOT be accepted:



## 16.5 Interpretation

The enforcement, administration and interpretation of this design guide shall be at the discretion of Rohit Land Development or its Design Consultant. The unfettered application of these guidelines shall be without notice or precedent.

## 17 Siting

### 17.1 Consultant

The Builder is to check on archcontrol.com and with the Developer for all applicable drawings, and any special conditions.

### 17.2 City Regulations

The Builder is to ensure that all City of Edmonton bylaws and regulations are met and note relevant plans regarding utilities and rights-of-way.

### 17.3 Grading

The Builder is to check Building Grade Plans and conform to them. Do not grade to existing vacant lots or unfinished lanes, but to elevations provided.

### 17.4 Plot Plans

Plot Plans are not provided by developer and the preparation of plot plans and stakeout must be carried out by the Builder's chosen Surveyor. Plot plans must include:

- scale 1:300 metric with north arrow and municipal address;
- legal description of property;
- all property lines, designated and dimensioned;
- size and location of proposed building(s) dimensioned to property lines, existing building and other structure where applicable;
- all cantilevers (including floor, bay windows, fireplaces, eaves, etc.);
- abutting streets, avenues, reserves, easements and utility right-of-ways labeled, dimensioned;
- spot elevations around building and drainage directions;
- dimensions from property line to sidewalk and face of curbs.

## 18 Subdivision Appearance

### 18.1 Signage

In order to maintain cohesiveness for signage within the subdivision, all signage will be supplied by the Developer, i.e. all model signs, directional signs and general information signs. All Builder signage must be approved by the Developer.

### 18.2 Excavation Material

All Builders must ensure that all excavation is kept within the confines of their lot. Any spillage on a road, land, sidewalk or neighbouring lot must be removed immediately or the Developer will arrange for its removal and invoice for expenses. On site disposal is only permitted upon direction of the Developer.

### 18.3 Clean-Up

Builders should encourage timely removal by all sub-trades of litter on building sites. Failure to comply will result in a clean-up bill being charged to the lot. Supply of construction dumpsters/dumpster bags by the Builder is mandatory. Any general clean-up of the subdivision implemented by the Developer will be charged pro-rata to all Builders.

### 18.4 Construction Activity

Each Builder is responsible for inspecting the condition of curbs, sidewalks, street lights, services, etc. on their lots and must complete a Lot Pre-Inspection Report through LotWorks prior to commencing construction, otherwise costs for repairing any damages becomes the sole responsibility of the Builder.

## 19 Approval Process

Prior to building, the Builder inspects the lot and all services, and must complete a Lot Pre-Inspection Report through LotWorks. Failure to submit an inspection will be taken by Rohit Land Development to mean that there are no damages or issues with the lot.

Before applying to the City for a development permit, the applicant shall submit plans for approval to the Design Consultant via the Archcontrol.com website. The plans shall include elevations, plans, cross sections, roof plans and other information. The proposed architectural theme of the home is to be stated (i.e. Prairie Modern, Modern Classic, etc.). The plan will be reviewed and recommend approval, modification, or rejection of the application based on the adherence of the plans to these guidelines.

Should disputes arise, the Developer shall make the final decision on the acceptability of plans. After approval, the plans may not be altered without prior approval.

Approval of any and all house plans will be at the sole and unfettered discretion of the Developer.



Variation to these Guidelines will be at the sole discretion of the Design Consultant. Any variation to the design guidelines are on a lot by lot basis and as such does not set any precedence for the subdivision.

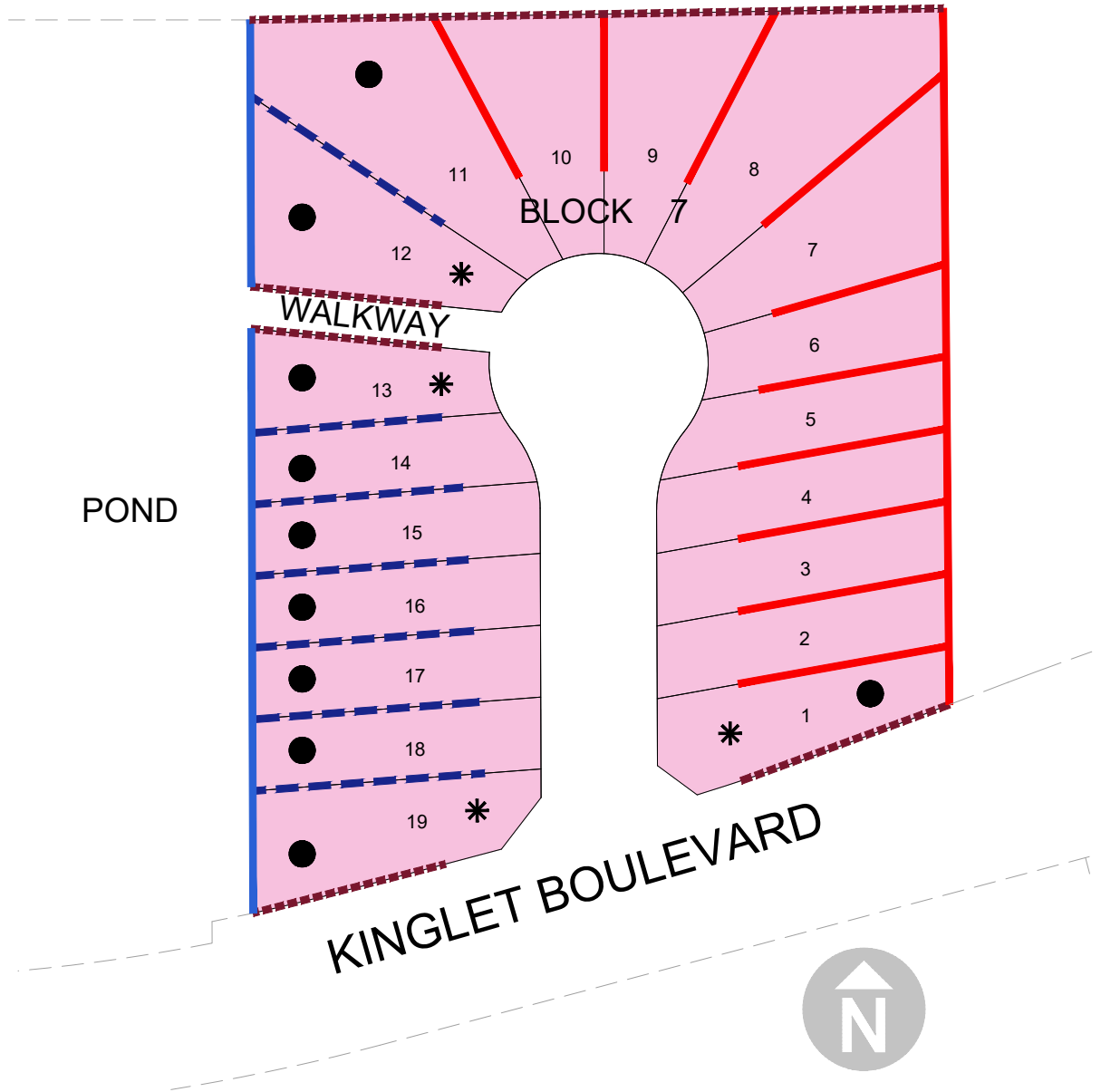
No stakeout will be granted until design approval. All approvals will be posted on [archcontrol.com](http://archcontrol.com).

If upon inspection the Design Consultant determines that the architectural or landscaping has not been satisfactorily complied with, a re-inspection fee will be incurred for any subsequent inspections.

# Appendix “A” – Community Map

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FUTURE RESIDENTIAL



**Legend**

- FRONT ATTACHED HOME
- HIGH VISIBILITY REAR ELEVATION
- HIGH VISIBILITY SIDE ELEVATION
- WOOD SCREEN FENCE - BY HOMEOWNER
- WOOD SCREEN FENCE - BY DEVELOPER
- CHAIN LINK FENCE (NO GATE) - BY DEVELOPER
- REAR STEP DOWN WOOD FENCE - BY HOMEOWNER



Stage 4C  
Design Guidelines Map

\*\*\* TO BE PRINTED IN COLOR\*\*\*

# Appendix “B” – Styles

---

# Classic Modern

## DESIGN STATEMENT

The Modern classic style allows for unique non-traditional forms with heavy emphasize on modern detailing. Key design features that defines this style:

- Inward facing shed roof;
- Wood or metal panel detailing;
- Simple/modern details;
- Masonry applied as panel detail;
- Mix of vertical and horizontal oriented windows;
- Pergola (wood or metal) front entrance;
- Bold coloured doors;
- Flat garage door with vertical or horizontal glazing.



## OVERALL BUILDING MASSING

Homes are to be designed to represent a simple massing design. Roof slopes are to be 4/12 to 5/12 with 1'-6" roof overhangs. However, 2' overhangs are highly encouraged.

## ROOF STYLES

Modern classic homes will require a hip style roof with a combination of either a flat or shed roof. A single lower sloped shed roof is highly encouraged. Shed roof lines are to face inwards to minimize exposed wall height on side elevations. Side shed or rear shed rooflines on the garage will not be permitted. Flat roofs over the garage in conjunction with a balcony would be acceptable.

## DEFINING DETAILS

Homes are defined with modern features that include metal or wood panel with large thick windows that extend into the shed roof. A horizontal accent wall or "fin" wall may be introduced.

## EXTERIOR CLADDING

May be finished in horizontal siding, Hardie plank siding, brick/stone.

## STONE OR BRICK PROFILES

Stone and brick are applied in a panel effect or as a substantial accent. When applied as an accent the top edge is finished with a soldier course or heavy step trim.

## COLOURS

Colours suited for the modern classic include mid to deep earth tones accented by tonal or low contrasting trims.

## ENTRANCE TREATMENT

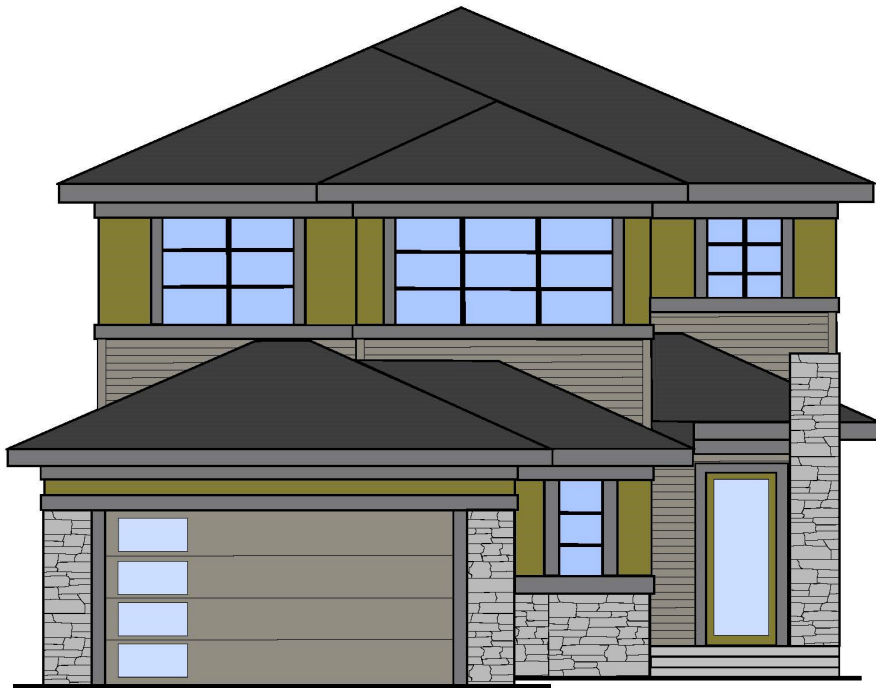
Flat roof, pergolas or shed roofs are a common feature for verandah. Entry doors are simple and bold with usually with frosted glazing.

# Prairie Modern

## DESIGN STATEMENT

The Prairie style allows for simplified, horizontal forms with some modern details. Key design features that defines this style:

- No gables;
- Simple/modern details;
- Horizontal oriented windows;
- Horizontal panel and trim banding;
- Thick 6" trims;
- Flat panel door with sidelights.



## OVERALL BUILDING MASSING

Homes are to emphasize horizontal proportions. Roof slopes are to be low, 4/12 to 5/12 with wide overhangs – generally 12" – 24" deep soffits.

## ROOF STYLES

Characterized by a simple hip or cottage style roof. A flat roof may be introduced on a verandah for the front entryway.

## DEFINING DETAILS

Homes are to be designed to reflect a horizontal presentation. Horizontal band below the soffits and thick top and bottom trims on windows are typical details. A horizontal accent wall or "fin" wall may be introduced.

## STONE OR BRICK PROFILES

Brick is the most desired material for this style however stone is acceptable to use. Brick is smooth, often applied with a rock face soldier course to emphasize the horizontal.

## EXTERIOR CLADDING

To be finished in Horizontal siding or Hardie plank siding coordinated with Hardie panel applied to emphasize the horizontal presentation. Flat brick outlined with wood trim will also be permitted.

## COLOURS

Colours suited to the Prairie style are mid to dark earth tones with tonal trims.

## ENTRANCE TREATMENT

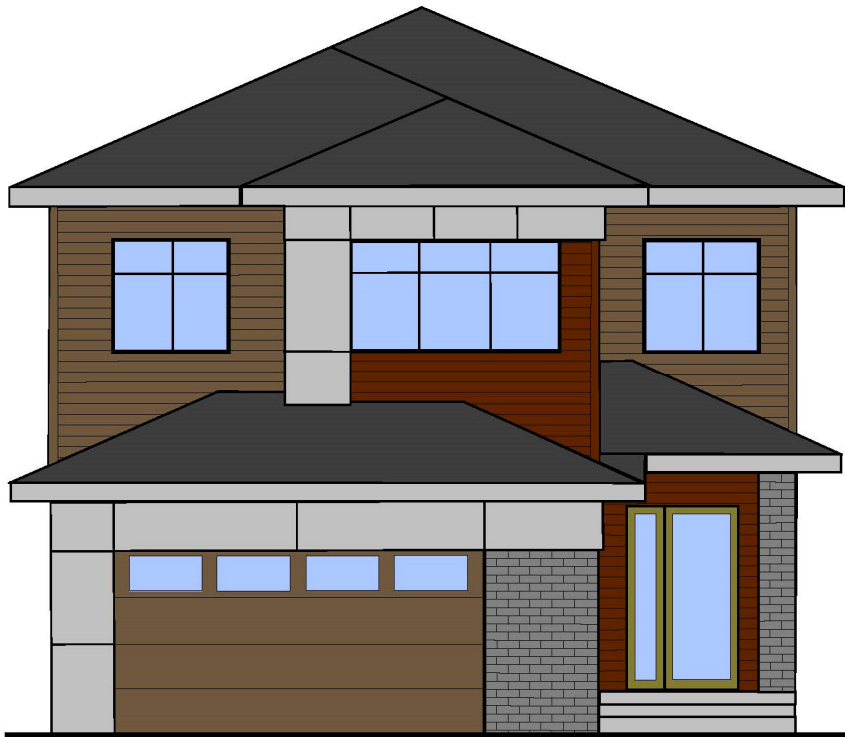
The entry is typically defined by a flat panel door with recessed side lights. Flat roof, pergolas or cottage roofs are a common feature for the verandah. Columns are typically cladded in stone with thick top and bottom trims.

# Prairie Contemporary

## DESIGN STATEMENT

The Prairie Contemporary style allows for simplified, horizontal forms with some modern details. Key design features that defines this style:

- No gables or trims;
- Simple/modern details;
- Masonry applied to garage;
- Horizontal oriented windows;
- Projected secondary wall material;
- Full stone or panel columns;
- Entry doors with modern glazing.



## OVERALL BUILDING MASSING

Homes are to emphasize horizontal proportions. Roof slopes are to be low, 4/12 - 5/12 with wide overhangs – generally 18” soffits.

## ROOF STYLES

Characterized by a simple hip or cottage style roof. No gables permitted. A flat roof may be introduced on a verandah for the front entryway or the garage.

## DEFINING DETAILS

Homes are to be designed to reflect horizontal lines. Horizontal accents or vertical “fin” wall is a common detail of this style. A secondary wall material must be applied as a “block” feature and must project from the main wall material.

## STONE OR BRICK PROFILES

Brick is the most desired material for this style, however clean cut non-rustic stone profiles would also be acceptable to use. Masonry is typically applied in a “block” feature.

## EXTERIOR CLADDING

To be finished in Horizontal siding or Hardie plank siding with secondary wall material(s). Common secondary wall materials include Hardie panel, wood siding and secondary siding colour. The use of a third wood wall material will be considered for this style.

## COLOURS

Colours suited to the Prairie Contemporary style are mid to dark earth tones with tonal trims.

## ENTRANCE TREATMENT

The entry is typically defined by a flat panel door with modern glazing. Flat roof, pergolas or cottage roofs are a common feature for the verandah. Columns are typically finished in either stone or a panel material.

# Heritage Modern

## DESIGN STATEMENT

The Heritage Moderns style allows for traditional forms with a modern interpretation of detailing. Key design features that defines this style:

- Maximum of 2 gables;
- Simple/modern details;
- Vertical oriented windows;
- Shed or Hip style verandah roof;
- Vertical siding or vinyl board and batten are common secondary wall materials;
- Front door contains glazing with modern grill designs.



## OVERALL BUILDING MASSING

All model types are included with an emphasis on grounded proportions where the eye is drawn to the street level. Roof slopes are to be low at 6/12. Roof overhangs are minimum 1'6" at moderate pitch.

## ROOF STYLES

A single gable will be required on the second floor and can consist of a 6/12 roof slope if it does not exceed half of the house width. If the gable does exceed half of the width of the home a max 5/12 roof slope is required. A gable encompassing the full house width will not be permitted. A second gable may be considered depending on the overall style of the home.

## DEFINING DETAILS

A combination of strong modern features and simple detailing defines the heritage modern style which may include structural brackets or ganged vertical windows.

## STONE OR BRICK PROFILES

Stone and brick are applied to the garage as a substantial accent. When applied as an accent, the top edge is finished with a soldier course or heavy step trim.

## EXTERIOR CLADDING

Vertical siding, panel board with trims, vinyl board and batten, brick/stone are common secondary wall materials used for this style of home.

## COLOURS

Colours suited to the Heritage style include deep earth tones accented by contrasting heavy trims.

## ENTRANCE TREATMENT

The entry are to be enclosed with verandahs consisting of a pergolas, hip or shed roofs. Entry doors are simple and often include a square glass pane with modern grilled designs.



# Traditional Craftsman

## DESIGN STATEMENT

The Craftsman classic style allows for traditional forms with heavy emphasize on stylistic detailing. Key design features that defines this style:

- Front facing gable;
- Shakes or board & batten;
- Louvres, brackets or shutters;
- Masonry applied at half height of garage wall height;
- Top half checkered grilled windows;
- Crossed braced garage door with checkered glazing.



## OVERALL BUILDING MASSING

Homes are to be designed to represent a simple massing design. Roof slopes are to be 5/12 to 7/12 with 12" roof overhangs. However, 18" overhangs are highly encouraged.

## ROOF STYLES

Craftsman homes will require a hip style roof with a combination of front facing gable. Flat roofs over the garage in conjunction with a balcony containing a covered column verandah would be acceptable.

## DEFINING DETAILS

Homes are defined with features that include shakes or board and batten with traditional shutters and bracket detailing.

## EXTERIOR CLADDING

May be finished in vinyl siding, Hardie plank siding, brick/stone.

## STONE OR BRICK PROFILES

Stone and brick are applied in postage stamp as a substantial accent. When applied as an accent the top edge is finished with a soldier course or heavy step trim.

## COLOURS

Colours suited for the craftsman include mid to deep earth tones accented by mid to low contrasting trims.

## ENTRANCE TREATMENT

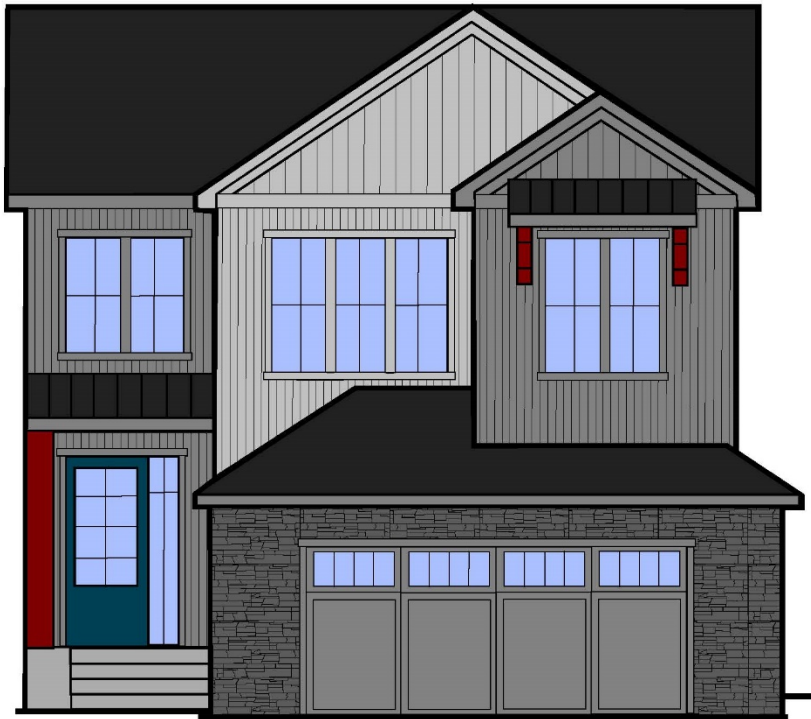
Hipstyle roofs or gable roofs are a common feature for verandah. Entry doors are simple and bold usually with checkered glazing.

# Traditional Farmhouse

## DESIGN STATEMENT

The Traditional Farmhouse style allows for simplified forms with some traditional details. Key design features that defines this style:

- 2-3 open gables;
- Simple details with thin trims around openings;
- Large separated windows;
- Horizontal siding not permitted in viewable locations;
- Wood columns or brackets;
- Entry doors contain traditional glazing;
- Tone-on-tone or low contrasting colour palette.



## OVERALL BUILDING MASSING

Homes are to emphasize vertical proportions. Roof slopes are generally higher, 7/12 to 8/12 with 12" overhangs.

## ROOF STYLES

Characterized by front facing open gables with a cottage style or forward facing shed style garage roof. A flat roof may be introduced on the garage.

## DEFINING DETAILS

Homes are to be designed with a simple consistent detailing and a strong vertical presentation. Trims are to be 4" and to match the trim colour. Trims match the adjacent wall colour are highly encouraged. Wood columns or wood brackets are highly encouraged.

## STONE OR BRICK PROFILES

Brick or stone is a requirement for this style and must be applied on the garage. Masonry is not permitted on the second floor.

## EXTERIOR CLADDING

The main wall material must be a vertical board & batten material in 1 colour. Other vertical materials such as vertical siding may be considered at the discretion of the design consultant. Common secondary wall materials include wood siding and secondary board & batten colour. Secondary wall materials must be applied as a "block" feature.

## COLOURS

Main wall colours suited to the Traditional Farmhouse are mid to dark earth tones with tonal or matching secondary features. Lighter tones may be considered as a "block" feature with returns to adjacent wall materials.

## ENTRANCE TREATMENT

The entry is typically defined by a traditional style door. Cottage roofs or forward facing shed roofs are a common feature for the verandah or entryway.

# Appendix “C” – Approved Colour Selections

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# Approved Colour Selections

The following are the approved main wall colours for Hardie Plank (by James Hardie) and Premium Siding (Mitten, Royal, Gentek, Kaycan).

## Hardie Plank (by James Hardie)

- Khaki Brown
- Woodstock Brown
- Monterey Taupe
- Mountain Sage
- Chestnut Brown
- Iron Grey
- Evening Blue
- Grey Slate
- Night Grey
- Deep Ocean
- Rich Espresso
- Aged Pewter
- Mountain Sage
- Boothbay Blue
- Timberbark

## Premium Siding

### **Royal:**

- Walnut
- Natural Cedar
- Granite
- Shamrock
- Ironstone
- Cocoa
- Midnight Surf
- Wedgewood
- Weathered Grey
- Marine Blue
- Bark
- Toasted Almond
- Storm
- Urban Bronze
- Rockslide
- Heritage Blue

### **Mitten:**

- Khaki Brown
- Rockaway Grey
- Muskoka Green
- Grenadier Green
- Aviator Green
- Caribou Brown
- Chestnut Brown
- Yukon Grey
- Huron Blue
- Spring Moss
- Regatta Blue
- Sapphire Blue
- Annapolis Blue
- Timber Bark
- Gunmetal Grey
- Eggplant
- Coffee Brown

### **Gentek:**

- Dark Drift
- Saddle Brown
- Moonlit Moss
- Windswept Smoke
- Midnight Surf
- Espresso
- Iron Ore
- Mountain Arbor

### **Kaycan:**

- Mahogany
- Pecan
- Castlemore
- Cabot Brown
- Manor
- Evergreen
- Boulder Gray
- Urban Blue

## **Dark Non-Premium Siding**

### **Mitten:**

- *Brownstone*
- *Sage*
- *Stratus*
- *Cypress*
- **Royal:**
- *Harvard Slate*
- *Brownstone*
- *Pebble Clay*
- *Cypress*
- *Flagstone*

### **Gentek:**

- *Pebble*
- *Storm*
- *Sage*
- *Juniper Grove*
- **Kaycan:**
- *Khaki*
- *Stonecrest*

Blue and purple (eggplant) tones will be carefully reviewed and monitored to ensure compatibility with the design style and other homes.

# Appendix “D” – Landscape Requirements

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## Landscape Requirements Checklist

It is the responsibility of the homeowner to landscape the yard. In the case of corner lots, the front yard shall include the flanking side yard to the sidewalk, curb or boulevard and to the rear corner of the house

- All lots will require a minimum of 3 trees. At least 1 tree in front yard
  - Deciduous minimum 2.5" caliper and 8' height
  - Coniferous 8' height
- Prepared shrub bed proportionate to plant material in front yard containing:
  - Minimum 6 shrubs - 18" height or spread (height for deciduous/spread for evergreen)
  - Large area of bare mulch is not permitted.
    - If minimum plant material is unable to provide adequate coverage, additional plant material such as ornamental grasses, perennials or additional shrubs are to be used
  - Contain natural coloured mulch (wood or rock). One consistent mulch material and colour per bed.
    - White not permitted
  - Edger (metal, vinyl, brick, concrete, etc.)
    - Edging required along property line where sod is not installed. Exception for a cohesive landscape design for two adjoining properties installed at the same time.
    - Edging to be installed in ground and flush with top of grade
    - Small plastic, wooden or metal fencing is not permitted
  - Landscape Fabric (no plastic)
- Sod
  - Maximum 70% front yard
  - Rear Yards
    - Exposed soil is not permitted
- High Visible Rear Yard Requirement
  - Block 7 lot 1 will require a minimum of 3 trees in the rear yard (a total of 4 trees and 6 shrubs on the lot).
  - Block 7, lots 11 - 19 will require a minimum of 3 trees or 2 tree and 10 shrubs in the rear yard (a total of 4 trees and 6 shrubs **OR** 3 trees and 16 shrubs on the lot).
- Artificial or Synthetic Turf
  - Prior to installation a detailed landscape plan prepared by a Landscape designer and specification information sent to Developer via email at [lot.sales@rohitgroup.com](mailto:lot.sales@rohitgroup.com) for review
  - Distinct prepared shrub bed border between the turf and the property line
  - Artificial turf must be specified by the manufacturer as a pet friendly product with a minimum 10-year warranty
  - Artificial turf is to contain a minimum weight of no less than 95 ounces per square yard and a minimum blade height of 41 mm (ie. ezLAWN, ezLAWN Elite, ezLAN Platinum or directly compatible product to be approved by Rohit Land Development) are acceptable
  - The base is to contain a minimum depth of 4" of 20mm road crush (compacted to 90% proctor density) with a sand or crushed limestone (fine) topping.
  - The surface infill is to contain either a Silica sand and/or rubber infill
  - Artificial turf invoice prior to final inspection to verify that the specifications have been met.
- All lots are to comply with City of Edmonton Zoning Bylaw Landscape requirements
- Landscape completed within 12 months of completion of the house and completed prior to final inspection of the property for architectural / landscape compliance.

## Landscape Site Review Requests

- Once your landscape construction is complete, please contact your Builder and they will arrange for a site review.
- All site review requests and Final Grade Certificates are to be submitted by the Builder on the archcontrol.com site.
- Site reviews are only conducted during the inspection season (late spring to early fall – weather permitting).

## Site Review Process

- After the site review is requested, your property will be reviewed and photographed. A report will be prepared.
- if landscape is acceptable, the report will be forwarded to the Builder and Developer.
- If landscape is not acceptable, the report will be forwarded to the Builder. This report will clearly outline the deficiencies that need to be corrected.
- All correspondence and inquires to IBI Group are to be submitted through the Builder.
- Once corrections are completed, a photo of the fixed deficiency is to be submitted to the Builder so that a new report can be prepared. If corrections are accepted, the report will be forwarded to the Builder for deposit refund.

## High Quality Front Yard Landscape Examples



## Top Ten Common Landscape Deficiencies

The following list only provides the homeowner with common reoccurring deficiencies that prevents a final landscape approval. Other deficiencies maybe noted once a final inspection is completed.

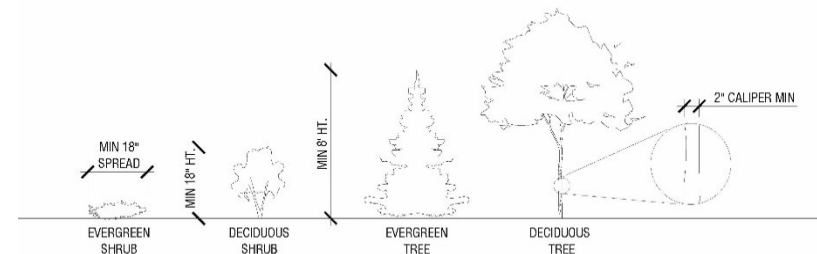
### 1. Poor Quality Landscaping

- Dead grass / shrubs
- Weed Growth
- Unkempt, non-maintained and damage landscape



### 2. Undersized Plant Material

- Shrubs are measured by width/spread for evergreen and by height for deciduous
- Deciduous tree caliper is measured 6" above ground. Evergreen (coniferous) trees are measured by height.



### 3. Missing Plant Material

- Missing required tree – No exceptions
- 6 shrubs are required - perennials and annuals as a substitution is not acceptable.

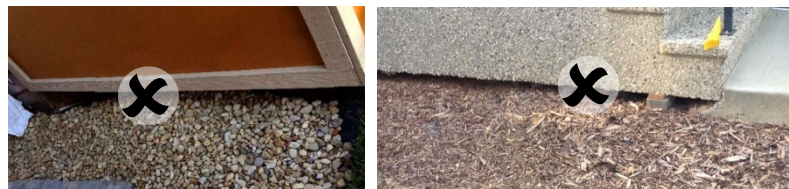
#### 4. Unacceptable Trees & Shrubs

- Grafted trees (shrubs grafted to tree trunks) – acceptable as shrubs only
- Trees not installed within the homeowners property
- Trees are unhealthy, dead or diseased
- Tree with poor form (i.e. one side dead, top is dead or missing limbs)
- Dead shrubs or shrubs in poor condition



#### 5. Grading

- Gaps between stairs/walls and grade due to settlement or poor grading
- Major divots and excavations



#### 6. Poor Plant Material Coverage

- Not Acceptable – Large areas of mulch without shrubs or perennials
- Acceptable – Combination of ornamental grasses, perennials and shrubs to cover mulch bed



#### 7. Missing Mulch and Poor Installation

- Wood chips/bark or rock in natural colours - acceptable
- Exposed soil or landscape fabric not permitted
- Rockery with boulders and rock mulch - acceptable





### 8. Poor Landscape Edger Installation

- Wood chips/bark or rock in natural colours – acceptable
- Not level/poor installation/protruding above bed
- Spacing between edger/poor installation / trip hazard
- Plastic, Vinyl or Metal Continuous – Acceptable



### 9. Driveway Extensions

- Driveway extensions are not permitted
- Walkway containing concrete, brick, stone or other similar products directly adjacent to the driveway and the full length of the driveway is not permitted



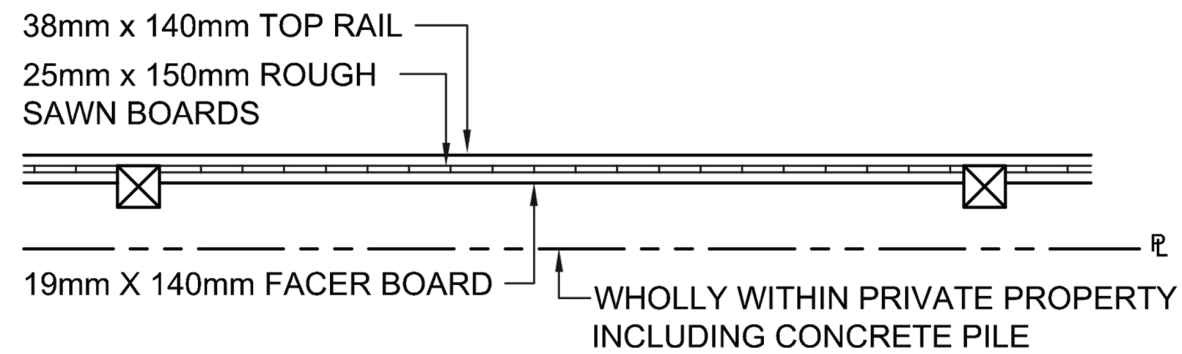
### 10. Poor Landscape on Highly Visible Rear Yards

- Yards that back onto roads, stormwater and other high profile locations require additional landscape treatment
- Poorly designed or constructed garden sheds or greenhouses are not acceptable
- Rear yard consisting of large, vast areas of bare mulch or concrete are not acceptable

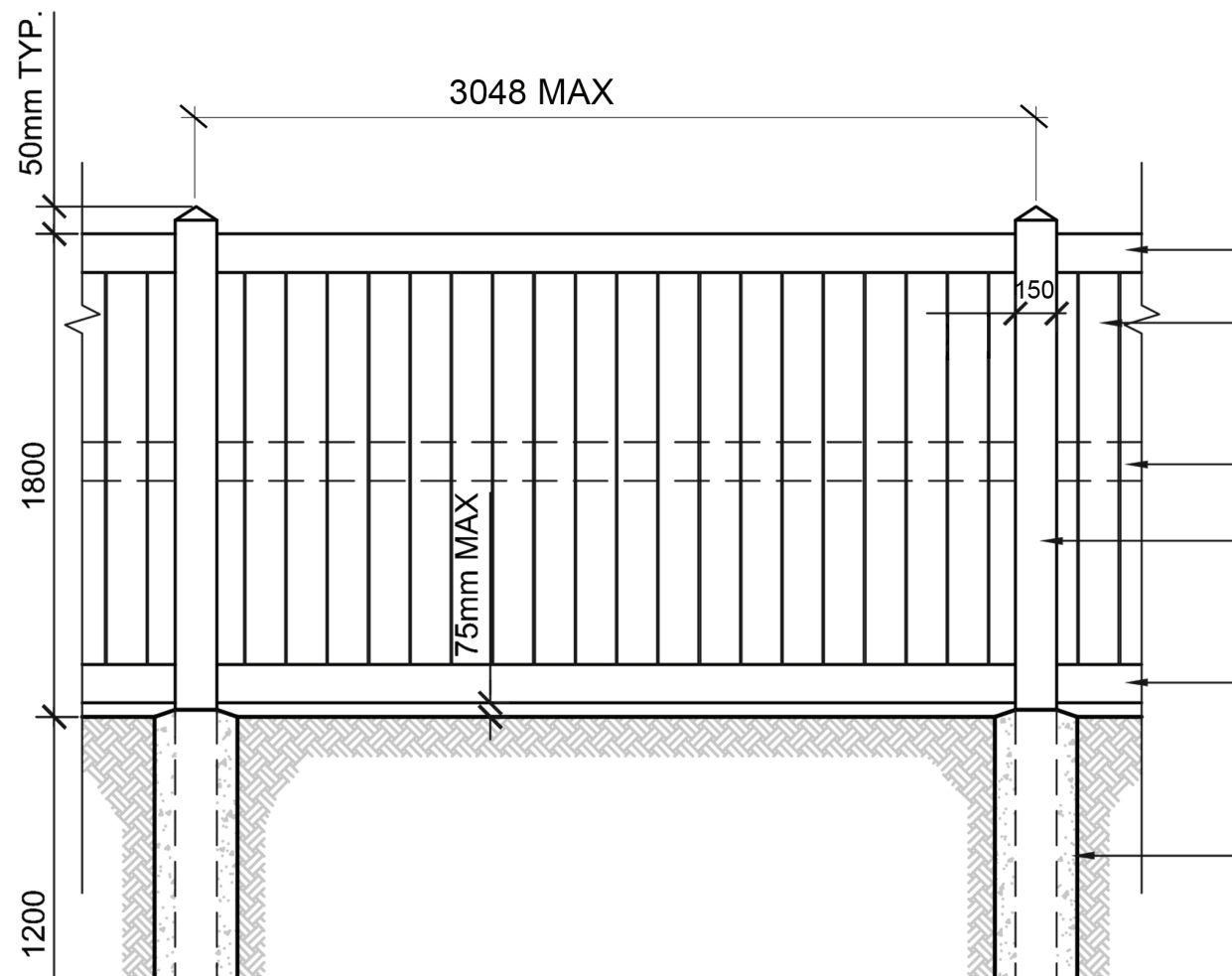


# Appendix “E” – Fence Details

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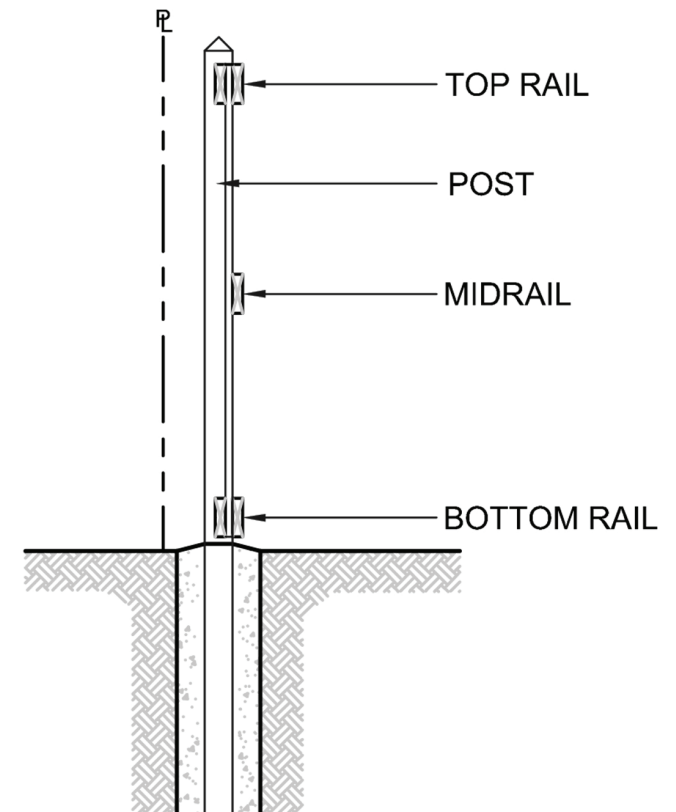
PLAN



NOTES:

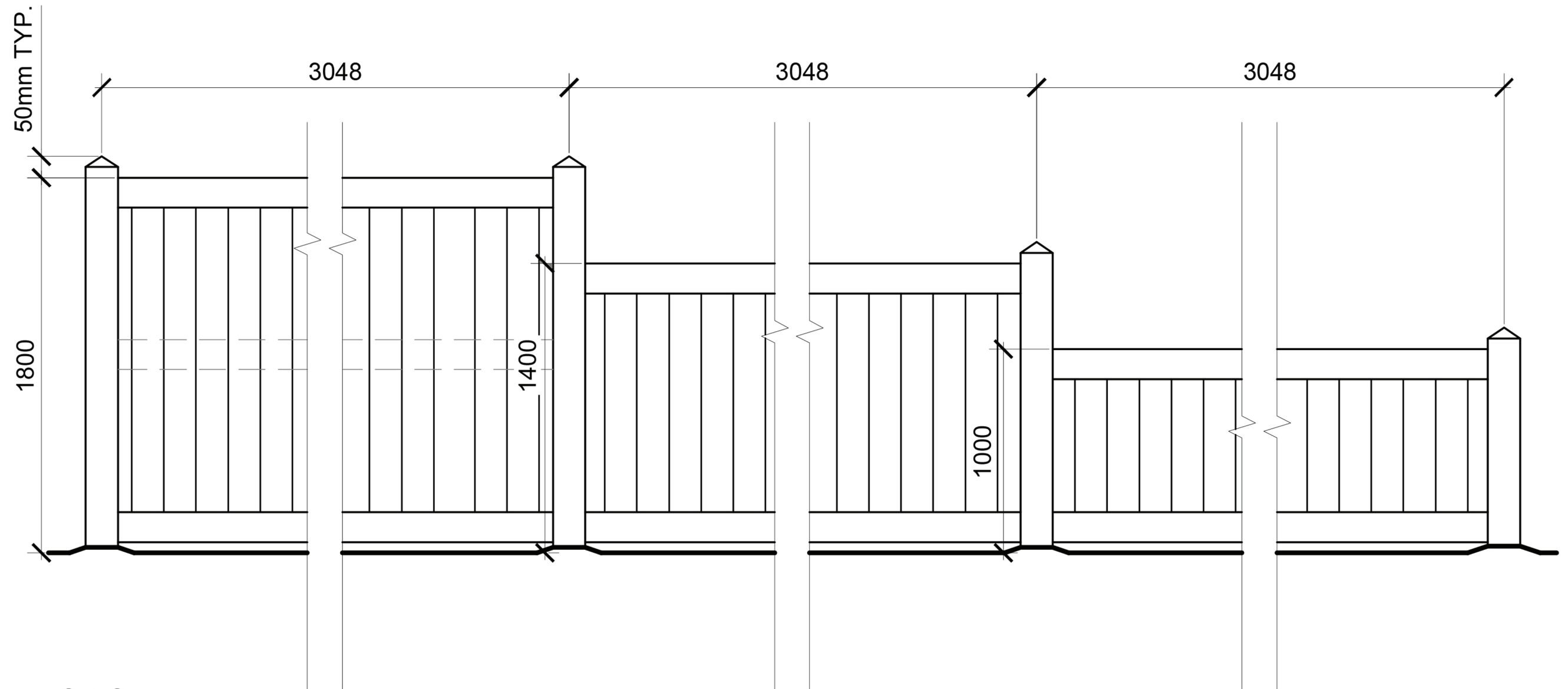
- FENCES INCLUDING THE CONCRETE PILE MUST BE CONSTRUCTED WHOLLY WITHIN PRIVATE PROPERTY.
- FENCES ON PRIVATE PROPERTY SHALL REQUIRE A MINIMUM OF PRESSURE TREATED POSTS AND BOTTOM RAILS. FENCES ON CITY PROPERTY SHALL REQUIRE ALL WOOD MEMBERS TO BE PRESSURE TREATED OR APPROVED EQUAL. ALL WOOD MEMBERS ABOVE GROUND TO BE NON-INCISED.
- ALL NAILS TO BE 60mm SPIRAL GALVANIZED. USE AS REQUIRED TO ENSURE SECURE ASSEMBLY.
- WOOD USED MAY BE LODGEPOLE PINE, FIR, HEMLOCK OR SPRUCE, DEPENDANT ON AVAILABILITY AT TIME OF CONSTRUCTION.
- ALL STAIN TO BE AS PER LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT. APPLY 2 COATS AS PER MANUFACTURERS SPECIFICATIONS. COLOUR TO BE DETERMINED BY LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT. STAIN BOARDS ALL FOUR SIDES PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.
- PRESSURE TREATED POSTS TO BE TREATED WITH A SOLUTION OF PENTACHLOROPHENOL AND PETROLEUM TO CSA-080.
- PROPERTY LINE OFFSET DIRECTION VARIES. REFER TO PLAN.
- ALL DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETERS.

- 38mm x 140mm TOP RAIL
- 25mm x 150mm THICK ROUGH SAWN BOARDS - GAP TO BE Ø OF ONE NAIL
- 38mm x 140mm MIDRAIL
- 150mm x 150mm PRESSURE TREATED POST
- 38mm x 140mm BOTTOM RAIL. SET 50mm FROM FINISHED GRADE
- 30MPa 300mm Ø CONCRETE PILE



COLOUR:  
 Autumn Sand by Cloverdale Paints

**WOOD SCREEN FENCE DETAIL**  
 SCALE:NTS



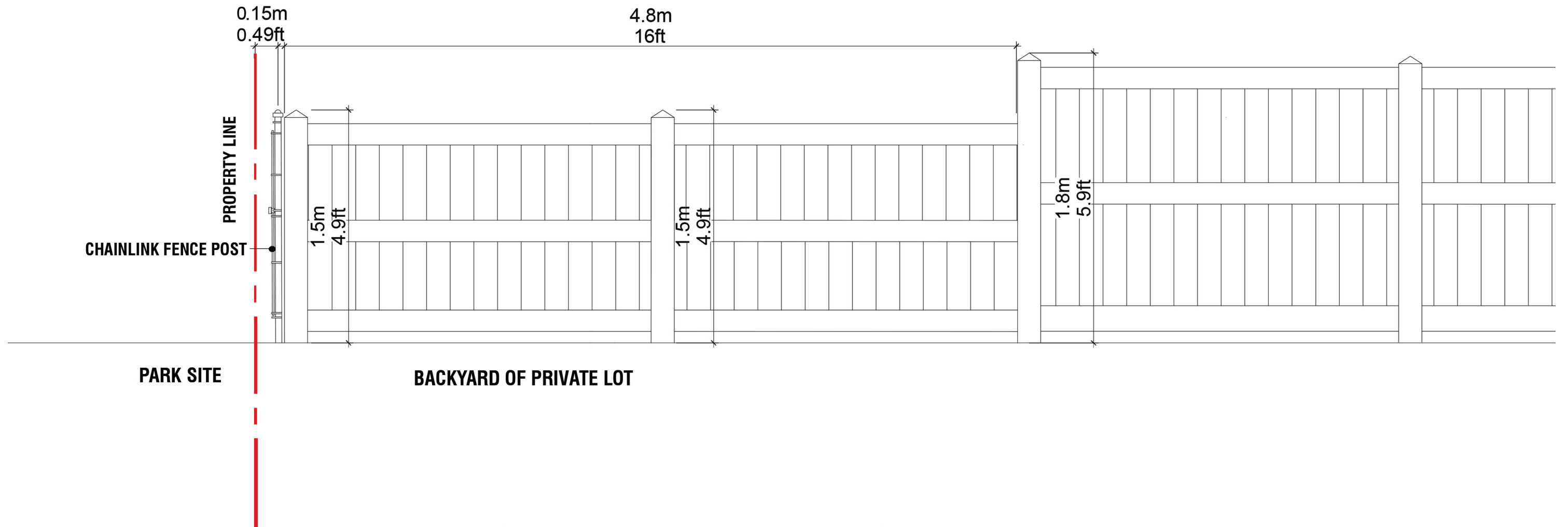
**NOTES:**

- ALL DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETERS
- TO BE CONSISTENT WITH TYPICAL WOOD SCREEN FENCE



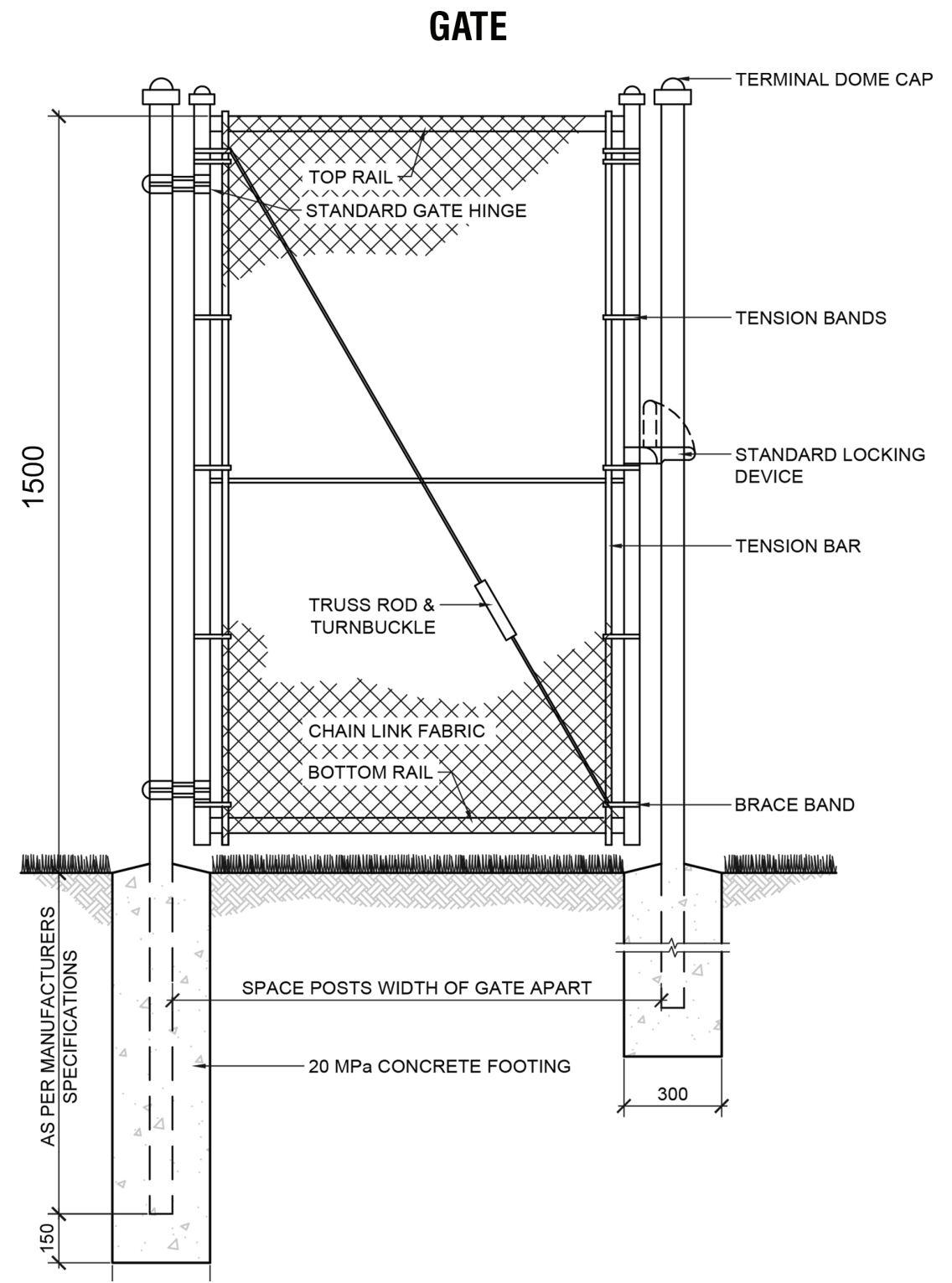
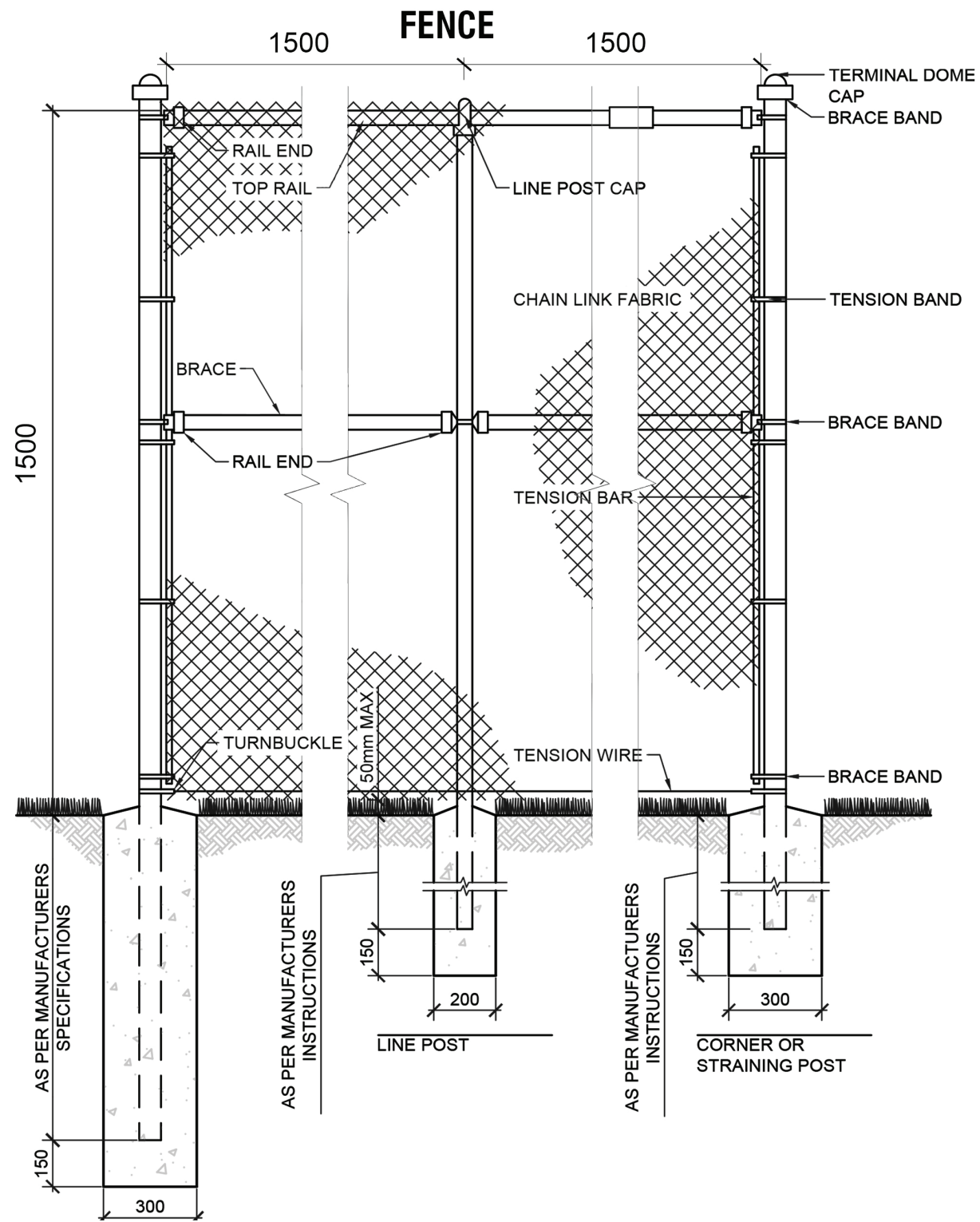
**COLOUR:**  
Autumn Sand by Cloverdale Paints

**FRONT YARD STEPDOWN WOOD SCREEN FENCE DETAIL**  
SCALE:NTS



COLOUR:  
Autumn Sand by Cloverdale Paints

**REAR YARD WOODSCREEN STEPDOWN FENCE DETAIL FOR PARK BACKING LOTS**  
SCALE:NTS



COLOUR:  
BLACK

**CHAINLINK FENCE DETAIL**  
SCALE:NTS

## Appendix “F” – Address Plaque

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# Kinglet Gardens Address Plaque



Powder Coated, Water Jet Cut Aluminum

Hardware provided

Dimensions:

3 Digit  
5" x 18.5"

4 Digit  
5" x 23"